

RHODE ISLAND MEDICAID FACTS

Who is covered in Rhode Island's Medicaid Program?

ELIGIBILITY GROUPS

FFS 1,2 MCO3-5

Undocumented

Incarcerated**



Children (0-18 years)

Current & Former Foster Care Children

Parents and other Caretaker Relatives



Pregnant Women



Aged, Blind, and Disabled Adults



Dual Eligibles



Disabled Children



Newly Eligible Adults



Qualified Non-Citizens+



Intellectual and Developmental Disabilities

- * Emergency Medicaid services only.
- ** Only acute hospitalizations are covered.
- + Qualified non-citizens are subject to a 5-year waiting requirement, except for children up to 19 years of age.

Important News

May 2016 - Rhode Island began allowing voluntary opt-in enrollment to the Neighborhood INTEGRITY's Integrated Care Initiative (ICI), an integrated Medicaid and Medicare benefits under a capitated, dual-eligible financial alignment demonstration.6

January 2017 - Rhode Island's new 2018 budget proposal freezes rates for hospitals and nursing homes and reduces the administrative rate paid to the state's



contracted managed care organizations (MCOs).7



Medicaid Medical Director's Network

The Medicaid program expanded its asthma interventions for enrollees as initiated by the Centers for Disease Control program.

Do Medicaid health plans provide coverage?*8





- Neighborhood Plan of Rhode Island
- UnitedHealthcare of **New England**
 - * Excludes ACO options

How has Rhode Island's Medicaid program engaged in Managed Care? **SECTION 1115 WAIVERS**°

The Rhode Island Comprehensive Demonstration was created to allow Rhode Island administrative flexibility over its entire Medicaid program. Under this waiver, Rhode Island manages Rite Care, Rite Share, Extended Family Planning, Rhody Health Partners, Connect Care Choice, Home and Community-Based Services, and RIte Smiles.



APPROVAL: 1/16/2009

EFFECTIVE: 7/1/2009

EXPIRATION: 12/31/2018





RHODE ISLAND MEDICAID FACTS

How is Rhode Island meeting the needs of Medicaid enrollees?

Value-Based Healthcare Initiatives

Health homes in Rhode Island provide coordinated behavioral health and primary care for Connect Care Choice enrollees with chronic mental illnesses.¹⁰

services for children, youth, and adults while facilitating partnerships between patients, their personal physicians, and the patient's family. In addition, the program offers accessible, continuous, comprehensive, family-centered, coordinated, compassionate, and culturally effective care.¹¹

Rhode Island provides an Accountable Entity (AE), their version of an Accountable Care Organization (ACO), in which a provider organization is accountable for quality health care, outcomes, and the total cost of care of its population. ¹² The three types of AEs that are currently running in Rhode Island include: ¹³

- The Comprehensive AE program an interdisciplinary partnership of health and social support services
- Specialized Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) AE Pilot Program - intended to encourage participating LTSS providers to build collaborative, integrated care delivery systems that include a continuum of care (e.g., home care, adult day, skilled nursing facilities)
- Medicaid Pre-Eligibles Pilot Program intended to engage high volume Medicare providers in the development and implementation of targeted interventions for Medicaid Pre eligibles; especially at-risk populations





Family Planning

- Diagnosis and treatment of sexually transmitted diseases, and some
- Counseling for teens on how to avoid coercive attempts to get them to

Under the Rhode Island Comprehensive Demonstration, the state provides access to family planning and related services along with referrals to primary care services. Women are eligible if their family income is at or below 250% of the federal poverty level (FPL) and who would lose Medicaid eligibility under RIte Care at the end of their 60 day postpartum period.¹⁵

Women's Health

- Cervical cancer screening (pap test alone every three years)
- Breast cancer screening (clinical breast exam, only if performed in
- Diagnostic services and follow-up, if an abnormality is found in a screening test

For ages 30 - 39:

- Cervical cancer screening (pap test alone every three years or pap test
- and HPV test together every five years) Breast cancer screening (clinical breast exam, only if performed in
- Diagnostic services and follow-up, if an abnormality is found in a screening test.

For ages 40 - 64:

- Cervical cancer screening (pap test alone every three years, or pap and
- HPV test together every five years)
 Breast cancer screening (mammogram and clinical breast exam every
- screening test.

For age 65 and older:

Not eligible for program services. However, there is an exception for women without Medicare Part B or who are undocumented. Both are eligible for all program services.

For women of any age:

finding on a clinical breast exam are eligible for breast services including diagnostic follow-up.

Rite Care covers pregnant women with family income up to 258 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL).¹⁷ Services for pregnant women include.¹⁹

- Services to help smokers quit and reduce exposure to secondhand smoke
- Offer free support to pregnant women and families with young children
- of premature births and increase the number of planned pregnancies in
- groups working to increase breastfeeding rates in Rhode Island.
- create safer living environments for all Rhode Islanders





RHODE ISLAND MEDICAID FACTS

How is Rhode Island meeting the needs of Medicaid enrollees?

Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder

Mental health services for adults are covered when they are approved by a licensed practitioner (excluding crisis intervention services must be authorized by a physician, specifically. Further outpatient visits. Case management is carved out for individuals covered by a managed care program.



- Crisis intervention
- Community psychiatric supportive treatment
- Intensive supervision day treatment
- Case management



- Psychiatric rehabilitation day program
- Assertive community treatment program

In addition to the above-mentioned services, children are also eligible to receive:19



- Psychiatric diagnostic interview examination, including history, mental status, and disposition
- Psychotherapy
- Psychotherapy with a family member
- Comprehensive medication services



- Family psychotherapy
- Lead investigations

Substance use disorder treatment services include:21



- Alcohol and drug treatment program
- Alcohol and drug assessment
- Substance abuse counseling and therapy
- Group counseling
- Residential counseling
 - Covered drug therapies: methadone, naloxone,

Oral Health

Covered oral health services for children under 21 years of age include: 23

- Dental exams, cleanings, fluoride every six months
- Sealants for permanent molars every five years
- Fillings
- Crowns
- Dentures
- Space maintainers
- Extractions and other oral surgeries
- Orthodontics as medically necessary
- Emergency services

Services are covered for adults 21 years of age and older through Medicaid dental services. There is also a nursing home mobile dental program for Medicaid enrollees who have been in a nursing home for at least 45 days.²⁴ Services include:²⁵

- Cleaning and oral exam every six months
- X-rays
- Root canal therapies
- Periodontal services
- Prosthodontic services
- Emergency and palliative services
- Extractions, oral surgeries, and palliative services









Timeline

Federal Rhode Island President Johnson signs Social Security 1965 Amendments of 1965, creating Medicaid as public health program for the poor. The State of Rhode Island adopts the 1966 Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, Medicaid program. 26 and Treatment (EPSDT) services are a requirement 967 for children enrolled in Medicaid. Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program becomes Medicaid eligibility category for the elderly and persons with disabilities. Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) 1981 waivers created for Long-Term Care (LTC) and Disproportional Share Hospital (DSH) payments. Children and pregnant women 984 become mandatory Medicaid eligibility groups. Children up to age 6 and pregnant women 1989 up to 133 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) become eligible; EPSDT benefit expanded. Mandatory eligibility extended to children ages 6 to 18 years in families up to 100 percent FPL: eligibility phased in from 1990 through 2002. Rhode Island begins offering comprehensive, riskbased managed care through RIte Care, providing coverage for low-income children and families with a 1994 Balanced Budget Act of 1997 allows Medicaid phased-in expansion over time to also include lowto be delivered through managed care organizations; income working families and children with special State Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) health care needs. Rite Care covers acute, primary, created; states now have option to provide coverage and specialty care; pharmacy; and behavioral health 1997 services across the state, excluding foster care for uninsured children in low-income families above FPI children.10 Olmstead decision allows expanded HCBS coverage for persons with disabilities. Rhode Island starts operating a program for the allinclusive care for the elderly (PACE) program to provide all Medicaid and Medicare services to individuals age 55 and older who require a nursing home-level of care.10 RIte Smiles begins offering children oral health 2005 services 10 Rhode Island creates Connect Care Choice, 2006 providing primary care services and case management to most adults with disabilities. 10 2007 Rhode Island introduces Rhody Health Partners, a 2008 Affordable Care Act (ACA) expands Medicaid elimanaged care program that offers acute and primary 2010 care services to older adults and individuals with gibility to adults with incomes up to 138 percent FPL. disabilities who are not eligible for Connect Care Choice. I Rhode Island begins integrating long-term services and National Federation of Independent Business supports (LTSS) for adults with developmental disabilities and behavioral health services for individuals 2012 v. Sebelius decision makes Medicaid expansion optional for states. with serious and persistent mental illnesses who are not yet covered.¹⁰ 2013 ACA implementation begins. 2014 State of Rhode Island authorizes Medicaid expansion to 2014 cover eligible adults up to 138% of the federal poverty level (FPL).²⁷ The state also implements a state-run exchange program called HealthSource RI.27 Rhode Island pilots an Accountable Care Organization (ACO) program with six Medicaid "Accountable Entities" (AEs).²⁸ 2016 32 states and the District of Columbia (DC) Rhode Island allows new Medicaid applicants who are 2017 2017 functionally eligible for LTSS to self-attest financial have expanded Medicaid since passage of the ACA. eligibility to receive a limited benefit package of home and community-based services (HCBS) for three months

while their full financial eligibility determination is