

OKLAHOMA MEDICAID FACTS

Who is covered in Oklahoma's Medicaid Program?

ELIGIBILITY GROUPS

FFS 1-5

Current & Former Foster Care Children

↟

Dual Eligibles

Å

Intellectual and Developmental

Ż

ncarcerated

★

Undocumented Immigrants** 亦

Qualified Non-Citizens+

Children (0-18 years)+

Parents and other Caretaker Relatives+

Pregnant Women+

Aged, Blind, and Disabled Adults+

Disabled Children+

American Indians/ Alaskan Natives+

- Inpatient hospital services only.
- ** Emergency Medicaid services only.
- + Receive coverage through primary care case management.

Do Medicaid health plans provide coverage? 6



VES



NO

Important News

March 2016 - House Bill 2665 attempted to eliminate Medicaid eligibility for non-pregnant, able-bodied adults younger than age 65. However, the bill did not pass the Senate.⁷

May 2017 - The Oklahoma Dental Association Council on Governmental Affairs decided not to support DentaQuest's proposed language requiring the Oklahoma Health Care Authority to enter into a contract with a managed care company with dental care carved out.⁸



How has Oklahoma's Medicaid program engaged in Managed Care?

SECTION 1115 WAIVERS⁹

Oklahoma SoonerCare created a managed care delivery system for the state Medicaid program. In 2004, a statewide primary care case management (PCCM) program replaced the initial managed care infrastructure and offered coverage for the majority of Medicaid enrollees. An amendment proposal was submitted 01/011/2018, and an extension request was submitted on 12/29/2017. The amendment seeks to implement workforce training for Medicaid providers. As of June 2018, both are still pending approval.



STATUS: Extension and amendment pending approval.

APPROVAL: 10/12/1995

EFFECTIVE: 4/1/1996

EXPIRATION: 12/31/2018





OKLAHOMA MEDICAID FACTS

How is Oklahoma meeting the needs of Medicaid enrollees?

Family Planning¹⁰

SoonerPlan covers the following family planning services:

- Birth control information and supplies
- Office visits and physical exams related to family planning
- Laboratory tests related to family planning services, including pregnancy tests, Pap smears and screening for some sexually transmitted infections.
- Tubal ligations for women age 21 and older
- Vasectomies for men age 21 and older
- Gardasil for males and females through age 26





Women's Health

Covered pregnancy services Include: 11

- Routine visits
- Delivery services
- Prescriptions
- Lactation consultation services
- Smoking cessation

- Specialty visits (when medically necessary
- Labs & diagnostics related to pregnancy
- Maternal & infant health social work
- Diabetes testing supplies
- Genetic counseling
- necessary)

Oklahoma's Breast and Cervical Cancer Treatment Program provides: 12

- Breast and cervical cancer and pre-cancer diagnosis and treatment
- SoonerCare coverage that includes the full range of services (not only cancer treatment)

Mental Health and Substance Use Disorder

completed.¹³ Services are intended for persons under age 21 at risk of hospitalization for psychiatric or substance use reasons or adults who are chronically or severely mentally ill.

- Inpatient, acute, and freestanding facilities Outpatient services
- Mental health assessment
- Social skills training

- - Services are delivered through community-based treatment, rehabilitation, and intensive, ongoing services.

- Residential programs (children only)
 Residential Psychiatric Treatment Facilities: services in a hospital that meet the
 - Residential Behavior Management Services in foster care settings: for children who have psychological, social, and emotional needs
 Residential Behavior Management services in group settings and non-secure diagnostic
 - psychological, emotional and social needs Residential Substance Abuse Services: Medicaid covers medical detoxification only
- Covered drug therapies: naloxone, naltrexone, acamprosate, and disulfiram.¹⁵

Oral Health 16

Enrollees of SoonerCare and SoonerCare Choice who are under age 21 qualify for:

Cleanings once every 6 months

✓ X-rays

Fillings

Crowns

Enrollees over age 21 only receive emergency







Timeline

Federal Oklahoma President Johnson signs Social Security 1965 Amendments of 1965, creating Medicaid as public health program for the poor. Oklahoma adopts the Medicaid program.¹⁷ 1966 Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment (EPSDT) services are a requirement 967 for children enrolled in Medicaid. Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program becomes Medicaid eligibility category for the elderly and persons with disabilities. Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) 1981 waivers created for Long-Term Care (LTC) and Disproportional Share Hospital (DSH) payments. Children and pregnant women 1984 become mandatory Medicaid eligibility groups. Children up to age 6 and pregnant women 1989 up to 133 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL) become eligible; EPSDT benefit expanded. Mandatory eligibility extended to children ages 6 to 18 years in families up to 100 percent FPL; eligibility phased in from 1990 through 2002. Balanced Budget Act of 1997 allows Medicaid to be delivered through managed care organizations; Oklahoma implements SoonerCare, a combination of State Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) two programs: SoonerCare Plus (contracts with 1996 health plans) and SoonerCare Choice (primary care case management program). $^{\rm 18}$ created; states now have option to provide coverage 1997 for uninsured children in low-income families above FPL. Olmstead decision allows expanded HCBS coverage for persons with disabilities. SoonerCare Choice expands statewide and becomes the model of care in the state. This program provides Medicaid enrollees with coverage for acute, primary, specialty, and behavioral health care services on a feefor-service (FFS) basis and care coordination and limited primary care services through a fixed per 2004 member, per month fee paid to contracted primary care providers.¹⁸ Oklahoma operates a program of all-inclusive care for the elderly (PACE) that covers all Medicare and Medicaid services for participants over age 55 years who require a 2008 nursing facility-level of care.18 2009 Oklahoma adopts a patient-centered medical home Affordable Care Act (ACA) expands Medicaid eli-2010 model for SoonerCare Choice enrollees. gibility to adults with incomes up to 138 percent FPL. The state creates SoonerRide, a limited benefit nonemergency transportation program for all Medicaid enrollees except dual eligibles and home and **National Federation of Independent Business** 2012 v. Sebelius decision makes Medicaid community-based services (HCBS) waiver participants. 18 expansion optional for states. Individuals with creditable primary coverage are no 2014 ACA implementation begins. 2014 longer eligible for the SoonerCare Choice PCCM program.19 32 states and the District of Columbia (DC) 2017 have expanded Medicaid since passage of the ACA.

